



## Univar USA Inc Material Safety Data Sheet

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MSDS No:

Version No:

Order No:

Univar USA Inc., 17425 NE Union Hill Rd., Redmond WA 98052  
(425) 889 3400

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### Emergency Assistance

For emergency assistance involving chemicals call  
Chemtrec - (800) 424-9300

The Version Date and Number for this MSDS is : 12/10/2007 - #012

PRODUCT NAME: AROMATIC 100

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ISSUED BY: 008505

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# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1 PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT

Product Name: AROMATIC 100; SOLVENT 100

Product Description: Aromatic Hydrocarbon

Intended Use: Solvent

### Distributed by:

Univar USA Inc.  
17425 NE Union Hill Road  
Redmond, WA 98052  
425-889-3400

Transportation Emergency Phone (800) 424-9300 or  
(703) 527-3887 CHEMTREC

## SECTION 2 COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### Reportable Hazardous Substance(s) or Complex Substance(s)

Name	CAS#	Concentration*
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), LIGHT AROMATIC	64742-95-6	100%

### Hazardous Constituent(s) Contained in Complex Substance(s)

Name	CAS#	Concentration*
CUMENE	98-82-8	< 1.1%
PSEUDOCUMENE (1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)	95-63-6	< 32.0%
XYLENES	1330-20-7	< 2.2%

\* All concentrations are percent by weight unless material is a gas.  
Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

## SECTION 3 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is considered to be hazardous according to regulatory guidelines (see (M)SDS Section 15).

#### POTENTIAL PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL EFFECTS

Combustible. Material can release vapors that readily form flammable mixtures. Vapor accumulation could flash and/or explode if ignited. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an incendiary electrical discharge.

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. If swallowed, may be aspirated and cause lung damage. May be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, and lungs. May cause central nervous system depression.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

NFPA Hazard ID:	Health: 1	Flammability: 2	Reactivity: 0
HMIS Hazard ID:	Health: 1	Flammability: 2	Reactivity: 0

NOTE: This material should not be used for any other purpose than the intended use in Section 1 without expert advice. Health studies have shown that chemical exposure may cause potential human health risks which may vary from person to person.

#### SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

##### INHALATION

Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

##### SKIN CONTACT

Wash contact areas with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

##### EYE CONTACT

Flush thoroughly with water. If irritation occurs, get medical assistance.

##### INGESTION

Seek immediate medical attention. Do not induce vomiting.

##### NOTE TO PHYSICIAN

If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

#### SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

#### EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Appropriate Extinguishing Media: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish flames.

Inappropriate Extinguishing Media: Straight Streams of Water

#### FIRE FIGHTING

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering streams, sewers, or drinking water supply. Firefighters should use standard protective equipment and in enclosed spaces, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and to protect personnel.

Unusual Fire Hazards: Vapors are flammable and heavier than air. Vapors may travel across the ground and reach remote ignition sources causing a flashback fire danger. Hazardous material. Firefighters should consider protective equipment indicated in Section 8.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Oxides of carbon, Incomplete combustion products, Smoke, Fume

#### FLAMMABILITY PROPERTIES

Flash Point (Method): >42C (108F) (ASTM D-56)

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 6.2

Autoignition Temperature: 479 C (894 F)

#### SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

##### NOTIFICATION PROCEDURES

In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. US regulations require reporting releases of this material to the environment which exceed the applicable reportable quantity or oil spills which could reach any waterway including intermittent dry creeks. The National Response Center can be reached at (800)424-8802.

##### PROTECTIVE MEASURES

Avoid contact with spilled material. Warn or evacuate occupants in surrounding and downwind areas if required due to toxicity or flammability of the material. See Section 5 for fire fighting information. See the Hazard Identification Section for Significant Hazards. See Section 4 for First Aid Advice. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment.

##### SPILL MANAGEMENT

Land Spill: Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Stop leak if you can do it without risk. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Use

**Annotation:**

clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Large Spills: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces. Recover by pumping or with suitable absorbent.

Water Spill: Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Eliminate sources of ignition. Warn other shipping. If the Flash Point exceeds the Ambient Temperature by 10 degrees C or more, use containment booms and remove from the surface by skimming or with suitable absorbents when conditions permit. If the Flash Point does not exceed the Ambient Air Temperature by at least 10C, use booms as a barrier to protect shorelines and allow material to evaporate. Seek the advice of a specialist before using dispersants.

Water spill and land spill recommendations are based on the most likely spill scenario for this material; however, geographic conditions, wind, temperature, (and in the case of a water spill) wave and current direction and speed may greatly influence the appropriate action to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted. Note: Local regulations may prescribe or limit action to be taken.

**ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS**

Large Spills: Dike far ahead of liquid spill for later recovery and disposal. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas.

**SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

**HANDLING**

Avoid contact with skin. Potentially toxic/irritating fumes/vapors may be evolved from heated or agitated material. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use proper bonding and/or grounding procedures. Prevent small spills and leakage to avoid slip hazard. Material can accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source).

Loading/Unloading Temperature: (Ambient)

Transport Temperature: (Ambient)

Transport Pressure: (Ambient)

Static Accumulator: This material is a static accumulator.

**STORAGE**

Keep container closed. Handle containers with care. Open slowly in order to control possible pressure release. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area. Storage containers should be grounded and bonded. Drums must be grounded and bonded and equipped with self-closing valves, pressure vacuum bungs and flame arresters.

Storage Temperature: (Ambient)

Storage Pressure: (Ambient)

Suitable Containers/Packing: Railcars; Tank Trucks; Barges; Drums; Tankers

Annotation:

Suitable Materials and Coatings: Carbon Steel; Stainless Steel; Copper  
Bronze; Inorganic Zinc Coatings; Epoxy Phenolic; Polyamide Epoxy; Amine  
Epoxy; Viton

Unsuitable Materials and Coatings: Vinyl Coatings; Butyl Rubber; Natural  
Rubber; Ethylene-propylene-diene monomer (EPDM); Polyethylene; Polystyrene;  
Polypropylene; PVC; Polyacrylonitrile

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

Exposure limits/standards (Note: Exposure limits are not additive)

Source	Form	Limit/Standard	Note	Source
CUMENE	TWA	245 mg/m3 50 ppm	Skin	OSHA Z1
CUMENE	TWA	50 ppm	N/A	ACGIH
PSEUDOCUMENE (1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)	TWA	25 ppm	N/A	ACGIH
SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), Vapor.	RCP	19 ppm 100	Total	ExxonMobil
LIGHT AROMATIC	TWA	mg/m3	Hydro- carbons	
XYLENES	TWA	435 mg/m3 100 ppm	N/A	OSHA Z1
XYLENES	STEL	150 ppm	N/A	ACGIH
XYLENES	TWA	100 ppm	N/A	ACGIH

NOTE: Limits/standards shown for guidance only. Follow applicable  
regulations.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS

The level of protection and types of controls necessary will vary depending  
upon potential exposure conditions. Control measures to consider:  
Adequate ventilation should be provided so that exposure limits are not  
exceeded. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure  
conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and  
ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use  
with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Respiratory Protection: If engineering controls do not maintain airborne  
contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker  
health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection,  
use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if  
applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include:  
Half-face filter respirator

For high airborne concentrations, use an approved supplied-air respirator,  
operated in positive pressure mode. Supplied air respirators with an escape  
bottle may be appropriate when oxygen levels are inadequate, gas/vapor  
warning properties are poor, or if air purifying filter capacity/rating  
may be exceeded.

Hand Protection: Any specific glove information provided is based on published literature and glove manufacturer data. Work conditions can greatly affect glove durability; inspect and replace worn or damaged gloves. The types of gloves to be considered for this material include: If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical resistant gloves are recommended. If contact with forearms is likely, wear gauntlet style gloves.

Eye Protection: If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended.

Skin and Body Protection: Any specific clothing information provided is based on published literature or manufacturer data. The types of clothing to be considered for this material include: If prolonged or repeated contact is likely, chemical, and oil resistant clothing is recommended.

Specific Hygiene Measures: Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Practice good housekeeping.

#### ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROLS

See Sections 6, 7, 12, 13.

#### SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Typical physical and chemical properties are given below. Consult the Supplier in Section 1 for additional data.

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

Physical State: Liquid

Form: Clear

Color: Colorless

Odor: Aromatic

Odor Threshold: N/D

#### IMPORTANT HEALTH, SAFETY, AND ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

Relative Density (at 15.6 C ): 0.874

Density (at 15 C): 873 kg/m<sup>3</sup> (7.29 lbs/gal, 0.87 kg/dm<sup>3</sup>)

Flash Point (Method): >42C (108F) (ASTM D-56)

Flammable Limits (Approximate volume % in air): LEL: 0.9 UEL: 6.2

Autoignition Temperature: 479 C (894 F)

Boiling Point/Range: 161C (322F) - 171C (340F)

Vapor Density (Air = 1): 4.2 at 101 kPa

Vapor Pressure: 0.262 kPa (1.97 mm Hg) at 20 C 10.815 kPa (6.13 mm Hg) at 38C

Evaporation Rate (n-butyl acetate = 1): 0.27

pH: N/A

Log Pow (n-Octanol/Water Partition Coefficient): N/D

Solubility in Water: Negligible

Annotation:

Viscosity: 0.75 cSt (0.75 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec ) at 40 C 0.9 cSt (0.9 mm<sup>2</sup>/sec) at 25C

Oxidizing Properties: See Sections 3, 15, 16.

OTHER INFORMATION

Freezing Point: -14 C (7 F)

Melting Point: N/D

Molecular Weight: 121

Hygroscopic: No

Coefficient of Thermal Expansion: 0.00085 VNDEGC

SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Material is stable under normal conditions.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

MATERIALS TO AVOID: Strong oxidizers, Nitric acid, Sulfuric acid

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE TOXICITY

Route of Exposure	Conclusion/Remarks Inhalation
Toxicity: Data available.	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material.
Irritation: Data available.	Elevated temperatures or mechanical action may form vapors, mist, or fumes which may be irritating to the eyes, nose, throat, or lungs. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Ingestion	
Toxicity: LD50 > 3000 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for structurally similar materials.
Skin	
Toxicity: LD50 > 3160 mg/kg	Minimally Toxic. Based on test data for the material.
Irritation: Data available.	Mildly irritating to skin with prolonged exposure. Based on test data for the material.
Eye	
Irritation: Data available.	May cause mild, short-lasting discomfort to eyes. Based on test data for the material.

CHRONIC/OTHER EFFECTS



**Annotation:**

For the product itself:

Vapor/aerosol concentrations above recommended exposure levels are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, drowsiness, unconsciousness and other central nervous system effects including death.

Prolonged and/or repeated skin contact with low viscosity materials may defat the skin resulting in possible irritation and dermatitis.

Small amounts of liquid aspirated into the lungs during ingestion or from vomiting may cause chemical pneumonitis or pulmonary edema.

Contains:

CUMENE: Repeated inhalation exposure of cumene vapor produced damage in the kidney of male rats only. These effects are believed to be species specific and are not relevant to humans.

Additional information is available by request.

The following ingredients are cited on the lists below: None.

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = NTP CARC

3 = IARC 1

5 = IARC 2B

2 = NTP SUS

4 = IARC 2A

6 = OSHA CARC

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The information given is based on data available for the material, the components of the material, and similar materials.

ECOTOXICITY

Material -- Expected to be toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

MOBILITY

Material -- Highly volatile, will partition rapidly to air. Not expected to partition to sediment and wastewater solids.

PERSISTENCE AND DEGRADABILITY

Biodegradation:

Material -- Expected to be readily biodegradable.

Hydrolysis:

Material -- Transformation due to hydrolysis not expected to be significant.

Photolysis:

Material -- Transformation due to photolysis not expected to be significant.

Atmospheric Oxidation:

Material -- Expected to degrade rapidly in air

OTHER ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

VOC (EPA Method 24): 7.294 lbs/gal

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal recommendations based on material as supplied. Disposal must be in accordance with current applicable laws and regulations, and material characteristics at time of disposal.

#### DISPOSAL RECOMMENDATIONS

Product is suitable for burning in an enclosed controlled burner for fuel value or disposal by supervised incineration at very high temperatures to prevent formation of undesirable combustion products.

#### REGULATORY DISPOSAL INFORMATION

RCRA Information: Disposal of unused product may be subject to RCRA regulations (40 CFR 261). Disposal of the used product may also be regulated due to ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity or toxicity as determined by the Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). Potential RCRA characteristics: IGNITABILITY.

#### Empty Container Warning

Empty Container Warning (where applicable): Empty containers may contain residue and can be dangerous. Do not attempt to refill or clean containers without proper instructions. Empty drums should be completely drained and safely stored until appropriately reconditioned or disposed. Empty containers should be taken for recycling, recovery, or disposal through suitably qualified or licensed contractor and in accordance with governmental regulations. DO NOT PRESSURISE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION. THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

#### SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

##### LAND (DOT)

Proper Shipping Name: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

Hazard Class & Division: COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID

ID Number: 1268

Packing Group: III

Product RQ: 4545.45 lbs - XYLENES

ERG Number: 128

Label(s): NONE

Transport Document Name: UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, PG III, RQ (Xylenes)

Footnote: The flash point of this material is greater than 100 F. Regulatory classification of this material varies. DOT: Flammable liquid or combustible liquid. OSHA: Combustible liquid. IATA/IMO: Flammable liquid. This material is not regulated under 49 CFR in a container of 119 gallon capacity or less when transported solely by land, as long as the material is not a hazardous waste, a marine pollutant, or specifically listed as a hazardous substance.

##### LAND (TDG)

Proper Shipping Name: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.

Hazard Class & Division: 3

Annotation:

UN Number: 1268  
Packing Group: III

SEA (IMDG)

Proper Shipping Name: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.  
Hazard Class & Division: 3  
EMS Number: F-E, S-E  
UN Number: 1268  
Packing Group: III  
Label(s): 3  
Transport Document Name: UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., 3, PG III,  
(42 deg C c.c.)

AIR (IATA)

Proper Shipping Name: PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S.  
Hazard Class & Division: 3  
UN Number: 1268  
Packing Group: III  
Label(s): 3  
Transport Document Name: UN1268, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, N.O.S., 3, PG III

SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION STANDARD: When used for its intended purpose, this material is classified as hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.

NATIONAL CHEMICAL INVENTORY LISTING:

PICCS, EINECS, IECSC, DSL, AICS, ENCS, TSCA, KECI

EPCRA: This material contains no extremely hazardous substances.

CERCLA: This material is not subject to any special reporting under the requirements of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA). Contact local authorities to determine if other reporting requirements apply.

CERCLA:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Typical Value	Component RQ	Product RQ
CUMENE	98-82-8	< 1.1%	5000 lbs	454545.45 lbs
XYLENES	1330-20-7	< 2.2%	100 lbs	4545.45 lbs

CWA/OPA: This product is classified as an oil under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 110) and the Oil Pollution Act of 1990. Discharge or spills which produce a visible sheen on either surface water, or in waterways/sewers which lead to surface water, must be reported to the National Response Center at 800-424-8802.

SARA (311/312) REPORTABLE HAZARD CATEGORIES: Fire. Immediate Health.

SARA (313) TOXIC RELEASE INVENTORY:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Typical Value
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Annotation:

CUMENE	98-82-8	< 1.1%
PSEUDOCUMENE	95-63-6	< 32%
(1,2,4-TRIMETHYLBENZENE)		
XYLENES	1330-20-7	< 2.2%

The Following Ingredients are Cited on the Lists Below:

Chemical Name	CAS Number	List Citations
CUMENE	98-82-8	1, 4, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19
PSEUDOCUMENE	95-63-6	1, 13, 16, 17, 18, 19 (1,2,4-
TRIMETHYLBENZENE)		
XYLENES	1330-20-7	1, 4, 5, 9, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19

--REGULATORY LISTS SEARCHED--

1 = ACGIH ALL	6 = TSCA 5a2	11 = CA P65 REPRO	16 = MN RTK
2 = ACGIH A1	7 = TSCA 5e	12 = CA RTK	17 = NJ RTK
3 = ACGIH A2	8 = TSCA 6	13 = IL RTK	18 = PA RTK
4 = OSHA Z	9 = TSCA 12b	14 = LA RTK	19 = RI RTK
5 = TSCA 4	10 = CA P65 CARC	15 = MI 293	

Code key: CARC=Carcinogen; REPRO=Reproductive

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

N/D = Not determined, N/A = Not applicable

## Univar USA Inc Material Safety Data Sheet

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For Additional Information contact MSDS Coordinator during business hours, Pacific time: (425) 889-3400

### **Notice**

Univar USA Inc. ("Univar") expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the product or information provided herein, and shall under no circumstances be liable for incidental or consequential damages.

Do not use ingredient information and/or ingredient percentages in this MSDS as a product specification. For product specification information refer to a product specification sheet and/or a certificate of analysis. These can be obtained from your local Univar sales office.

All information appearing herein is based upon data obtained from the manufacturer and/or recognized technical sources. While the information is believed to be accurate, Univar makes no representations as to its accuracy or sufficiency. Conditions of use are beyond Univar's control and therefore users are responsible to verify this data under their own operating conditions to determine whether the product is suitable for their particular purposes and they assume all risks of their use, handling, and disposal of the product, or from the publication or use of, or reliance upon, information contained herein.

This information relates only to the product designated herein, and does not relate to its use in combination with any other material or in any other process